



TEL AVIV • JERUSALEM • HAIFA • MASHA • RAMAT GAN

MONDAY,
DECEMBER 19, 1955

THE JERUSALEM POST

THE
ISRAEL
PHOENIX
ASSURANCE CO. LTD.

PRICE: 100 PRUTA
VOL. XXXI, No. 5378

Column One David Courtney

I LIKE a housewife peering the kitchen cupboard, the West is peering at its strategic shelves. The Baghdad Pact has brought these labours almost to an end. The mice in the cupboard are many, however, and are nibbling hard at the pact's edges.

THE demonstrations on Friday and Saturday against Jordan's adherence to the Middle East Treaty Organization were, indeed, more like a peep show than a demonstration. They brought little more than march up and down and throw a few stones without seriously hurting anybody or doing much more than reports of bloodshed appear to have been unfounded and the Jordan Premier, Khalil al-Majali, seems to have had a great trouble keeping order.

HE is a stubborn man, it is said, not easily deflected from the way he chooses to take. He comes from Kerak and in Jordan when a man tries to hammer a nail in a wall and the nail won't go through he excuses his failure by saying that a nail from Kerak must be leaning his head against the other side of the wall. Colonel Nasser and his advisers are probably using that excuse just now.

THE week-end troubles in Jordan are said to have been stirred up by the Egyptians, who are profoundly hostile to the Baghdad Pact. They oppose it to it, in so to speak, the one thing they have in common with the Israelis. If there must be regional security pacts they should, of course, take in all the countries of the region instead of only some of them. Otherwise they tended to become bones of contention within the region.

AT the same time it can be argued that half a pact is better than no pact at all; and it is clear that the designers of METO hope one day to be able to extend the organization's reach to all the countries of the Middle East—all that is to say, except one. For although there must come a time when Israel's neighbours will end their quarrelling with her, and begin to work together with her for the good of each other and the region, that time cannot be foreseen.

AS to whether the Baghdad Pact is of much use or not, at least it has the virtue of undeniability in the reckoning of Moscow. It can be said, of course, that if there had been no such pact, there would have been no Soviet intrusion in the Middle East. But that is an argument no one can either prove or disprove. It can be said that if it is the Caucasus and the Crimea were not up against the Middle East there would be no need of a Baghdad Pact. However that may be, Soviet intrusion in the Middle East has started, and that has made the Baghdad Pact an urgent Western necessity.

I suppose it is true that in the present unstable condition of the Middle East, alliances must be of doubtful durability. I suppose, also, that the Western allies cannot be relied upon to put up much of a military show in the event of a world war. But it is unlikely that the Western sponsors of the Baghdad Pact had in mind Arab armies marching out to meet Russian armies. At the back of the West's mind is not only the military factor but also the political. The object of the Pact may be rather to avoid what would happen if Egypt then to prepare for that almost incredible possibility, global war. Egypt and the Baghdad Pact have a common enemy, the Soviet Union. The Baghdad Pact has made it fairly evident that where, in the Middle East and the rest of Asia, the West has its political interests, it has its place taken by neutralism, there sooner or later will the Russians come with arms, if arms are wanted with steel and steel is needed, and with such other mischief as the opportunity allows.

SOME Jordanians, prompted by the Egyptians, are saying if their country joins the Baghdad Pact one consequence will be a settlement with Israel. One could wish this complaint had substance. Perhaps it has. Nothing said up to now by those who have joined the Pact supports this notion; but in this part of the world what is said rarely has bearing on what is intended.

Jerusalem, December 18.

Saar Votes Heavily For Pro-Germans

SAARBRUCKEN, Sunday (Reuters).—With half the total votes of today's election counted, the Saar Democratic Party and the Christian Democratic Union, both pro-German, led with 44.8 per cent and 21.7 per cent, respectively, in the poll for the Saar's new Parliament.

Dr. Heinrich Schneider's Democratic led with 75,357 votes, and Dr. Herbert Rott's Christian Democrats followed with 73,009. The ruling Christian People's Party led by Dr. Johannes Hoffmann had 67,228, and the German Social Democratic Party 19,374 votes.

The trend so far bears out the general expectation that the pro-German groups will win by a comfortable majority. The Saarlanders in a referendum last October voted down a plan for the "Europeanization" of their territory, and it is now acknowledged that the majority of the population wishes the territory to become part of Germany once more.

GUATEMALANS VOTE

GUATEMALA CITY, Sunday (Reuters).—Guatemalans were voting today in the first election since the overthrow of the regime of President Arbenz in July 1954. The election is to choose a new congress of 64 members and 217 mayors to head the country's municipal councils.

Oman Sultan's Rule Said Re-established

BAHREIN, Persian Gulf, Sunday (Reuters).—Three hundred camels rode into Niwa, capital of Oman, last Thursday to re-establish the rule of the Sultan of Muscat and Oman after the defeat of a conspiracy, according to the Sultan's official statement. The Sultan's official statement received here today from the Sultan.

Macmillan: West Pushing For Mid-East Solution

LONDON, Sunday (UP).—The Foreign Secretary, Mr. Harold Macmillan, in a radio broadcast last night, charged the Soviets with trying to make the "Palestine problem" insoluble. That is why the West is determined, he said, and is not without hope that it will succeed in appeal to both Israel and the Arabs to try to reach a final settlement.

Harding Rejects Funeral Protest

NICOSIA, Sunday (Reuters).—Field Marshal Sir John Harding, Governor of Cyprus, today rejected the protest by Archbishop Makarios against intervention by security forces at the funeral of a Cypriot nationalist yesterday of the island's number three terrorist.

The Governor said that it was "repugnant to me that any disturbance should take place at a funeral" but pointed out that the terrorist, Charalambos Mousas, was "an outlaw who two days before had taken part in ambushing and murdering a British soldier."

The Archbishop, leader of the Cypriot campaign for union with Greece, protested earlier today to the Governor against use of tear gas and baton charges by troops and police in dispersing crowds at the funeral of his cousin who was shot by a British soldier during a terrorist ambush.

The Government today issued an official statement which said that despite warnings, more than 1,000 persons, "including those in prominent positions, but mainly schoolchildren," attended the funeral. When the crowd's conduct became unruly and showed no intention of dispersing, the police were obliged to use force.

Cabinet Works on Four Year Economic Plan

The Cabinet yesterday continued its discussion on the four-year economic programme, which it has been considering for the past two weeks.

The Minister of Finance, Dr. M. Rosenberg, was approved as Deputy Minister for Religious Affairs, apparently in accordance with a five-week tour of the U.S. and Canada on behalf of the Israel Bond Drive, of whose meetings he addressed.

While in Washington, the Foreign Minister conferred with Secretary of State Dulles and in Ottawa he met the Canadian Premier, Mr. Louis St. Laurent, and the Minister for External Affairs, Mr. Lester Pearson.

Ministers Approve Action on Cartels

Promulgation of an anti-cartel law has been proposed by the special committee set up to study the problem of monopolies and cartels.

The Committee's recommendations, approved yesterday by the Ministerial Economic Committee, also recommended setting up a Cartel Authority to control such organizations.

HISTADUT EXECUTIVE TO MEET ON WAGES

TEL AVIV, Sunday.—The wages policy for 1956 is to be discussed by a special meeting of the Histadrut Executive on Sunday. It was decided by the Central Committee here tonight.

U.J.A. to Raise New 'Limitless' Fund

NEW YORK, Sunday (INA).—The United Jewish Appeal last night received a mandate from its 19th annual national conference to raise an extraordinary special fund. The original target of \$25 million will make way for the raising of a possible amount to ensure continuation of immigrant settlement in Israel.

Egypt Churches Cut Xmas Ceremonies as Protest

CAIRO, Sunday (Reuters).—Catholics were told from the pulpit of their churches today to consider December 25 "Christmas of mourning." Christmas Day ceremonies and midnight mass will be abandoned as a protest against the Egyptian Government's recent decision to abolish all Sharia and non-Muslim religious courts from January 1.

KEFAUER URGES ARMS FOR ISRAEL

WASHINGTON, Sunday (INA).—Senator Estes Kefauver, a candidate for the Democratic presidential nomination, made known this week-end that he favours the sale of munitions to Israel by the U.S. and other Western powers if the flow of Communist arms to Egypt causes an imbalance in military strength.

At a press conference announcing his candidacy, Mr. Kefauver said he thought that an imbalance would increase the danger of war, while maintaining a balance decreased such a risk. He said that the U.S. should let the world know that "we will not let Israel be pushed into the sea."

Sudan Today Declares Its Independence

KHARTOUM, Sunday (Reuters).—Four motions will be laid before Parliament tomorrow to establish the immediate independence of the Sudan. All of them have been agreed upon by both Government and opposition parties.

The first will state that Parliament believes independence to be an established fact and requests the retiring Governor-General, Sir Alexander Knox, to ask the condominium (Britain and Egypt) immediately to announce their recognition of an independent Sudan.

The second will propose the formation of a five-man commission to assume the powers of head of state, taking over from the Governor-General.

The third calls for the setting up of a Constituent Assembly to draw up a constitution. The fourth is that the Assembly take into consideration the special requests of southern Sudanese for a federal state.

Afghans Declare For Neutrality

KABUL, Sunday (Reuters).—The visit of Marshal Nikita Khrushchev to Afghanistan will not change the mountain kingdom's policy of neutrality, the Afghan Foreign Minister said here today.

JORDAN TURNS BACK AMERICAN OFFICIALS

Four Americans were turned back at Mandelbaum Gate in Jerusalem by the Jordan authorities on Saturday afternoon, probably to prevent them from witnessing the demonstrations in the Old City, it is learned.

EGYPT GETS TANKS THROUGH BELGIUM

LONDON, Sunday (INA).—Two Egyptian ships were preparing to sail this week-end with 12 Valentine and 10 Sherman tanks, 28 jeeps, and five armoured cars "from the Middle East," it was reported yesterday from Antwerp. The tanks had been imported into Belgium from England as scrap.

SOVIET MOSLEM LEGION FOR EGYPT

NEW YORK, Sunday (INA).—A Soviet Moslem legion is being formed in Egypt, according to Mr. Michael Ching, International News Service correspondent in Jerusalem, in a report appearing today in the "New York Times." It is one of full-scale hostilities, Abdul Nasser would have heavily on this new "foreign legion," it was said.

Notice

to the hundreds who are registered with us and other interested persons we are beginning to build 1-14-2-24-3-ROOM APARTMENTS in a number of buildings on Nahoy Arlosoroff, Opposite the Va'ad Hapoei Building and Nahoy Bloch vicinity.

Attention: INSTITUTIONS, INDUSTRIAL AND PUBLIC ENTERPRISES, EMBASSIES AND CONSULATES. The buildings will be fitted according to your requirements. Apply: BARSHEKEV partners in building enterprises 188 HENOV BEN GABRIEL, TEL AVIV, MONDAY 9-12-47.

Anti-Iraq Clashes Throughout Jordan

The Jordan authorities yesterday enforced mandatory defence regulations and banned public meetings, as a renewed wave of demonstrations and clashes all over the country was climaxed with the death of one person and the wounding of seven others in Amman. The demonstrations, which began on Friday, were renewed yesterday against the four-day-old Majali Government which has announced its intention to negotiate adherence to the Baghdad pact.

The Minister of Interior, Abbas Mirza, warned the populace to observe law and order. The repetition of the "regrettable incidents" was accompanied by individual attacks and attempts to exploit students and other elements to demonstrate. He threatened violators of the defence regulations with severe punishment.

Reports of demonstration and clashes in major towns were broadcast for the first time yesterday over Radio Ramallah, which broke its silence since Friday and admitted to a deteriorating situation in the country. The Jordan last night attended by Gen. John Glubb, commander of the Arab Legion, to consider security measures.

Delegations from several towns called on King Hussein to protest against the intention to join the Baghdad pact. The King last night also broadcast a message calling on Jordanians to cease demonstrations because the country "is in safe hands." He promised "Palestine problem" and would continue to regard it as his prime obligation.

Words and Facts

The Jordan press yesterday carried front-page stories of demonstrations and clashes, side-by-side with the Premier's statements made on Saturday that reports of disturbances were "entirely manufactured in Israel." El Jihadi said that there were "demonstrations and strikes in 12 towns on both sides of the Jordan River, and it reported a mass protest meeting in the Nusha Cinema in the Old City, at which M.P.s and other notables attacked Jordan's intention to join the Baghdad pact.

In Damascus, a number of parliamentary deputies criticised the Majali Government and said that Jordan's participation in the new Middle East Treaty Organization would isolate Syria, which Israel seized Syrian prisoners, and those under which Syria took Israeli prisoners, are completely different," he said.

91 LEBANESE KILLED BY FLOOD

Ninety-one persons were killed or drowned, hundreds were injured and another 50 were missing yesterday in Tripoli, in the Lebanon, when the Abu Al River overflowed its banks after continuous rains during the past few days, according to the Arab News Agency.

THE "Premium Savings" Plan

The Palestine Discount Bank Ltd. takes pleasure in announcing the introduction of "Premium Savings" accounts, according to the following schemes:

- A) One-time Deposit "Premium Savings" Account:**
 - The account holder may deposit at least IL100 and any subsequent amount within a period of 30 days from the first deposit up to IL1,000 in all. The total amount deposited will be considered as a one-time deposit.
 - The Bank will pay the account holder a cash premium according to the rates mentioned below on any portion of the deposit which will remain untouched until the end of the following periods, viz:
 - for 5 years 33% premium
 - for 4 years 25% premium
 - for 3 years 17% premium

The above periods will commence as from the date of the first deposit.

- B) THE PREMIUM IS EXEMPTED FROM PAYMENT OF INCOME TAX, AS PER AGREEMENT WITH THE TREASURY.**
- The account holder may withdraw at any time all or part of his deposit. Withdrawals made before the end of three years are subject to 30 days notice, and on the amounts of such withdrawals the Bank will pay, instead of a premium, interest at the rate of 5% p.a.

- C) Monthly Instalment "Premium Savings" Account:**
 - The account holder may deposit monthly amounts of IL10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50, 55, 60, 65, 70, 75, 80, 85, 90, 95, and 100 as fixed by him in advance.
 - The Bank will pay the account holder a cash premium on the total of his deposits, according to the rates mentioned below, subject to the account holder having made consecutive monthly deposits as follows:
 - at least 60 deposits, 15% premium
 - at least 48 deposits, 12% premium
 - at least 36 deposits, 9% premium

- D) THE PREMIUM IS EXEMPTED FROM PAYMENT OF INCOME TAX, AS PER AGREEMENT WITH THE TREASURY.**
- The account holder may at any time withdraw the total amount of his deposits even before the completion of 36 monthly payments subject to 30 days notice. In such case, the Bank will pay him, instead of a premium, interest at the rate of 5% p.a. on his deposits.

As from today accounts as per above mentioned conditions will be opened at all branches of the bank.

Egyptians Fire On Gaza Strip

An Egyptian position yesterday evening twice opened machinegun fire — with an interval of two hours — on Israeli patrols in the Gaza Strip, the Army spokesman announced.

He had reported earlier that on Saturday night an Egyptian position also opened automatic fire on an Israeli patrol in the vicinity of Be'er, further to the north-east along the Strip.

There were no Israeli casualties in any of these attacks. On Saturday afternoon, two Egyptian jet planes entered Israeli airspace and flew over the Gaza Strip, the Army spokesman added.

During the disturbances in the Old City, Arab Legionnaires on the Old City walls yesterday recovered their custom of throwing stones at Israeli residents of the East Hotel, on the border. There were no injured, although a number of windows were smashed.

SYRIA REJECTS P.O.W. EXCHANGE

The Syrian Defence Minister, Raad Barmada, declared yesterday that Gen. E.L.M. Burns was told on Friday afternoon, the spokesman said. It is understood that the vessel was empty.

91 LEBANESE KILLED BY FLOOD

Ninety-one persons were killed or drowned, hundreds were injured and another 50 were missing yesterday in Tripoli, in the Lebanon, when the Abu Al River overflowed its banks after continuous rains during the past few days, according to the Arab News Agency.

More than 100 houses collapsed and two bridges were destroyed as the flood waters spread swiftly. The Army was mobilised for rescue operations, and President Camille Chamoun and Premier Rashid Karameh arrived in the town to supervise operations.

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the drink for me!

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to the hundreds who are registered with us and other interested persons we are beginning to build 1-14-2-24-3-ROOM APARTMENTS in a number of buildings on Nahoy Arlosoroff, Opposite the Va'ad Hapoei Building and Nahoy Bloch vicinity.

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Today's Postbag

THE WEATHER

OCTOBER, indicated showers in the morning in the North, partly cloudy in the south and central parts; later fair in the South.

	A	B	C	D
Jerusalem	12.5	14.5	16.5	18.5
Tel Aviv	11.5	13.5	15.5	17.5
Haifa	10.5	12.5	14.5	16.5
Beirut	9.5	11.5	13.5	15.5
Amman	8.5	10.5	12.5	14.5
Baghdad	7.5	9.5	11.5	13.5
London	6.5	8.5	10.5	12.5
Paris	5.5	7.5	9.5	11.5
Rome	4.5	6.5	8.5	10.5
Moscow	3.5	5.5	7.5	9.5
Yokohama	2.5	4.5	6.5	8.5
Tokyo	1.5	3.5	5.5	7.5
Hong Kong	0.5	2.5	4.5	6.5
Shanghai	-0.5	1.5	3.5	5.5
Manila	-1.5	0.5	2.5	4.5
Batavia	-2.5	-0.5	1.5	3.5
Singapore	-3.5	-1.5	0.5	2.5
Calcutta	-4.5	-2.5	-0.5	1.5
Rangoon	-5.5	-3.5	-1.5	0.5
Bombay	-6.5	-4.5	-2.5	-0.5
Madras	-7.5	-5.5	-3.5	-1.5
Delhi	-8.5	-6.5	-4.5	-2.5
Jaipur	-9.5	-7.5	-5.5	-3.5
Bhopal	-10.5	-8.5	-6.5	-4.5
Varanasi	-11.5	-9.5	-7.5	-5.5
Patna	-12.5	-10.5	-8.5	-6.5
Calcutta	-13.5	-11.5	-9.5	-7.5
Bombay	-14.5	-12.5	-10.5	-8.5
Madras	-15.5	-13.5	-11.5	-9.5
Delhi	-16.5	-14.5	-12.5	-10.5
Jaipur	-17.5	-15.5	-13.5	-11.5
Bhopal	-18.5	-16.5	-14.5	-12.5
Varanasi	-19.5	-17.5	-15.5	-13.5
Patna	-20.5	-18.5	-16.5	-14.5
Calcutta	-21.5	-19.5	-17.5	-15.5
Bombay	-22.5	-20.5	-18.5	-16.5
Madras	-23.5	-21.5	-19.5	-17.5
Delhi	-24.5	-22.5	-20.5	-18.5
Jaipur	-25.5	-23.5	-21.5	-19.5
Bhopal	-26.5	-24.5	-22.5	-20.5
Varanasi	-27.5	-25.5	-23.5	-21.5
Patna	-28.5	-26.5	-24.5	-22.5
Calcutta	-29.5	-27.5	-25.5	-23.5
Bombay	-30.5	-28.5	-26.5	-24.5
Madras	-31.5	-29.5	-27.5	-25.5
Delhi	-32.5	-30.5	-28.5	-26.5
Jaipur	-33.5	-31.5	-29.5	-27.5
Bhopal	-34.5	-32.5	-30.5	-28.5
Varanasi	-35.5	-33.5	-31.5	-29.5
Patna	-36.5	-34.5	-32.5	-30.5
Calcutta	-37.5	-35.5	-33.5	-31.5
Bombay	-38.5	-36.5	-34.5	-32.5
Madras	-39.5	-37.5	-35.5	-33.5
Delhi	-40.5	-38.5	-36.5	-34.5
Jaipur	-41.5	-39.5	-37.5	-35.5
Bhopal	-42.5	-40.5	-38.5	-36.5
Varanasi	-43.5	-41.5	-39.5	-37.5
Patna	-44.5	-42.5	-40.5	-38.5
Calcutta	-45.5	-43.5	-41.5	-39.5
Bombay	-46.5	-44.5	-42.5	-40.5
Madras	-47.5	-45.5	-43.5	-41.5
Delhi	-48.5	-46.5	-44.5	-42.5
Jaipur	-49.5	-47.5	-45.5	-43.5
Bhopal	-50.5	-48.5	-46.5	-44.5
Varanasi	-51.5	-49.5	-47.5	-45.5
Patna	-52.5	-50.5	-48.5	-46.5
Calcutta	-53.5	-51.5	-49.5	-47.5
Bombay	-54.5	-52.5	-50.5	-48.5
Madras	-55.5	-53.5	-51.5	-49.5
Delhi	-56.5	-54.5	-52.5	-50.5
Jaipur	-57.5	-55.5	-53.5	-51.5
Bhopal	-58.5	-56.5	-54.5	-52.5
Varanasi	-59.5	-57.5	-55.5	-53.5
Patna	-60.5	-58.5	-56.5	-54.5
Calcutta	-61.5	-59.5	-57.5	-55.5
Bombay	-62.5	-60.5	-58.5	-56.5
Madras	-63.5	-61.5	-59.5	-57.5
Delhi	-64.5	-62.5	-60.5	-58.5
Jaipur	-65.5	-63.5	-61.5	-59.5
Bhopal	-66.5	-64.5	-62.5	-60.5
Varanasi	-67.5	-65.5	-63.5	-61.5
Patna	-68.5	-66.5	-64.5	-62.5
Calcutta	-69.5	-67.5	-65.5	-63.5
Bombay	-70.5	-68.5	-66.5	-64.5
Madras	-71.5	-69.5	-67.5	-65.5
Delhi	-72.5	-70.5	-68.5	-66.5
Jaipur	-73.5	-71.5	-69.5	-67.5
Bhopal	-74.5	-72.5	-70.5	-68.5
Varanasi	-75.5	-73.5	-71.5	-69.5
Patna	-76.5	-74.5	-72.5	-70.5
Calcutta	-77.5	-75.5	-73.5	-71.5
Bombay	-78.5	-76.5	-74.5	-72.5
Madras	-79.5	-77.5	-75.5	-73.5
Delhi	-80.5	-78.5	-76.5	-74.5
Jaipur	-81.5	-79.5	-77.5	-75.5
Bhopal	-82.5	-80.5	-78.5	-76.5
Varanasi	-83.5	-81.5	-79.5	-77.5
Patna	-84.5	-82.5	-80.5	-78.5
Calcutta	-85.5	-83.5	-81.5	-79.5
Bombay	-86.5	-84.5	-82.5	-80.5
Madras	-87.5	-85.5	-83.5	-81.5
Delhi	-88.5	-86.5	-84.5	-82.5
Jaipur	-89.5	-87.5	-85.5	-83.5
Bhopal	-90.5	-88.5	-86.5	-84.5
Varanasi	-91.5	-89.5	-87.5	-85.5
Patna	-92.5	-90.5	-88.5	-86.5
Calcutta	-93.5	-91.5	-89.5	-87.5
Bombay	-94.5	-92.5	-90.5	-88.5
Madras	-95.5	-93.5	-91.5	-89.5
Delhi	-96.5	-94.5	-92.5	-90.5
Jaipur	-97.5	-95.5	-93.5	-91.5
Bhopal	-98.5	-96.5	-94.5	-92.5
Varanasi	-99.5	-97.5	-95.5	-93.5
Patna	-100.5	-98.5	-96.5	-94.5
Calcutta	-101.5	-99.5	-97.5	-95.5
Bombay	-102.5	-100.5	-98.5	-96.5
Madras	-103.5	-101.5	-99.5	-97.5
Delhi	-104.5	-102.5	-100.5	-98.5
Jaipur	-105.5	-103.5	-101.5	-99.5
Bhopal	-106.5	-104.5	-102.5	-100.5
Varanasi	-107.5	-105.5	-103.5	-101.5
Patna	-108.5	-106.5	-104.5	-102.5
Calcutta	-109.5	-107.5	-105.5	-103.5
Bombay	-110.5	-108.5	-106.5	-104.5
Madras	-111.5	-109.5	-107.5	-105.5
Delhi	-112.5	-110.5	-108.5	-106.5
Jaipur	-113.5	-111.5	-109.5	-107.5
Bhopal	-114.5	-112.5	-110.5	-108.5
Varanasi	-115.5	-113.5	-111.5	-109.5
Patna	-116.5	-114.5	-112.5	-110.5
Calcutta	-117.5	-115.5	-113.5	-111.5
Bombay	-118.5	-116.5	-114.5	-112.5
Madras	-119.5	-117.5	-115.5	-113.5
Delhi	-120.5	-118.5	-116.5	-114.5
Jaipur	-121.5	-119.5	-117.5	-115.5
Bhopal	-122.5	-120.5	-118.5	-116.5
Varanasi	-123.5	-121.5	-119.5	-117.5
Patna	-124.5	-122.5	-120.5	-118.5
Calcutta	-125.5	-123.5	-121.5	-119.5
Bombay	-126.5	-124.5	-122.5	-120.5
Madras	-127.5	-125.5	-123.5	-121.5
Delhi	-128.5	-126.5	-124.5	-122.5
Jaipur	-129.5	-127.5	-125.5	-123.5
Bhopal	-130.5	-128.5	-126.5	-124.5
Varanasi	-131.5	-129.5	-127.5	-125.5
Patna	-132.5	-130.5	-128.5	-126.5
Calcutta	-133.5	-131.5	-129.5	-127.5
Bombay	-134.5	-132.5	-130.5	-128.5
Madras	-135.5	-133.5	-131.5	-129.5
Delhi	-136.5	-134.5	-132.5	-130.5
Jaipur	-137.5	-135.5	-133.5	-131.5
Bhopal	-138.5	-136.5	-134.5	-132.5
Varanasi	-139.5	-137.5	-135.5	-133.5
Patna	-140.5	-138.5	-136.5	-134.5
Calcutta	-141.5	-139.5	-137.5	-135.5
Bombay	-142.5	-140.5	-138.5	-136.5
Madras	-143.5	-141.5	-139.5	-137.5
Delhi	-144.5	-142.5	-140.5	-138.5
Jaipur	-145.5	-143.5	-141.5	-139.5
Bhopal	-146.5	-144.5	-142.5	-140.5
Varanasi	-147.5	-145.5	-143.5	-141.5
Patna	-148.5	-146.5	-144.5	-142.5
Calcutta	-149.5	-147.5	-145.5	-143.5
Bombay	-150.5	-148.5	-146.5	-144.5
Madras	-151.5	-149.5	-147.5	-145.5
Delhi	-152.5	-150.5	-148.5	-146.5
Jaipur	-153.5	-151.5	-149.5	-147.5
Bhopal	-154.5	-152.5	-150.5	-148.5
Varanasi	-155.5	-153.5	-151.5	-149.5
Patna	-156.5	-154.5	-152.5	-150.5
Calcutta	-157.5	-155.5	-153.5	-151.5
Bombay	-158.5	-156.5	-154.5	-152.5
Madras	-159.5	-157.5	-155.5	-153.5
Delhi	-160.5	-158.5	-156.5	-154.5
Jaipur	-161.5	-159.5	-157.5	-155.5
Bhopal	-162.5	-160.5	-158.5	-156.5
Varanasi	-163.5	-161.5	-159.5	-157.5
Patna	-164.5	-162.5	-160.5	-158.5
Calcutta	-165.5	-163.5	-161.5	-159.5
Bombay	-166.5	-164.5	-162.5	-160.5
Madras	-167.5	-165.5	-163.5	-161.5
Delhi	-168.5	-166.5	-164.5	-162.5
Jaipur	-169.5	-167.5	-165.5	-163.5
Bhopal	-170.5	-168.5	-166.5	-164.5
Varanasi	-171.5	-169.5	-167.5	-165.5
Patna	-172.5	-170.5	-168.5	-166.5
Calcutta	-173.5	-171.5	-169.5	-167.5
Bombay	-174.5	-172.5	-170.5	-168.5
Madras	-175.5	-173.5	-171.5	-169.5
Delhi	-176.5	-174.5	-172.5	-170.5
Jaipur	-177.5	-175.5	-173.5	-171.5
Bhopal	-178.5	-176.5	-174.5	-172.5
Varanasi	-179.5	-177.5	-175.5	-173.5
Patna	-180.5	-178.5	-176.5	-174.5
Calcutta	-181.5	-179.5	-177.5	-175.5
Bombay	-182.5	-180.5	-178.5	-176.5
Madras	-183.5	-181.5	-179.5	-177.5
Delhi	-184.5	-182.5	-180.5	-178.5
Jaipur	-185.5	-183.5	-181.5	-179.5
Bhopal	-186.5	-184.5	-182.5	-180.5
Varanasi	-187.5	-185.5	-183.5	-181.5
Patna	-188.5	-186.5	-184.5	-182.5
Calcutta	-189.5	-187.5	-185.5	-183.5
Bombay	-190.5	-188.5	-186.5	-184.5
Madras	-191.5	-189.5	-187.5	-185.5
Delhi	-192.5	-190.5	-188.5	-186.5
Jaipur	-193.5	-191.5	-189.5	-187.5
Bhopal	-194.5	-192.5	-190.5	-188.5
Varanasi	-195.5	-193.5	-191.5	-189.5
Patna	-196.5	-194.5	-192.5	-190.5
Calcutta	-197.5	-195.5	-193.5	-191.5
Bombay	-198.5	-196.5	-194.5	-192.5
Madras	-199.5	-197.5	-195.5	-193.5
Delhi	-200.5	-1		

